

EXHIBIT B

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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF FLORIDA
FORT LAUDERDALE DIVISION
CASE NO. 23-CV-60800

GBB DRINK LAB, INC.,)
)
Plaintiff/)
Counter Defendant,)
)
vs.)
)
FSD PHARMA, INC., and FSD)
BIOSCIENCES, INC.,)
)
Defendants/)
Counter-claimants.)
-----)
FSD PHARMA, INC.,)
)
Third-Party)
Plaintiff,)
vs.)
)
JOSEPH ROMANO,)
)
Third-Party)
Defendant.)

CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY

VIDEOTAPED VIDEOCONFERENCE DEPOSITION

OF

EDWARD G. BROWN, PH.D.

June 30, 2025 - 9:01 a.m.

Stenographically
Reported by: Lisa A. Wheeler, RPR, CRR

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Category	Value
A	1
B	0
C	0
D	0
E	0
F	0
G	0
H	0
I	0
J	1
K	0
L	0
M	0
N	0
O	0
P	0
Q	0
R	0
S	0
T	0

1
2 [REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
15 Q. Okay. So you'd agree with me that a
16 court or a juror could conduct that same analysis
17 and they do not necessarily need the same
18 technical background that you have. Is that fair
19 to say?
20 [REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

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The figure displays a binary mask as a grayscale image. A vertical column of white pixels (labeled '1' at the top) is positioned on the far left. Along the bottom edge, there is a horizontal row of white pixels. The rest of the image is black. This pattern creates a stepped effect where the white areas increase in size from left to right.

Symptom	Baseline (%)	Week 12 (%)	Post-treatment (%)
Pain	100	~85	~75
Stiffness	~85	~70	~60
Fatigue	~70	~55	~45
Swelling	~60	~45	~35

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A grayscale histogram showing the distribution of pixel intensities for a grayscale image. The x-axis represents pixel intensity values from 0 to 255, and the y-axis represents frequency. The distribution is highly right-skewed, with the highest frequency occurring at the lowest intensity levels (around 0-10).

16 Q. So, for example, an attorney, a judge,
17 or a juror could look at what's in the patent and
18 compare it to, for example, an ingredient list,
19 correct?
20

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The figure consists of a series of horizontal bars of varying lengths, arranged vertically. The bars are composed of black pixels on a white background. The lengths of the bars decrease from left to right. A vertical scale bar is visible on the far left, with the number '1' at the top.

This figure displays a 2D grayscale heatmap representing a probability density or signal distribution. The distribution is highly localized, featuring several prominent peaks. Along the vertical axis, there are three distinct horizontal bands of high intensity, indicating strong signals at specific levels. Between these bands, there are several smaller, localized peaks. Along the horizontal axis, there are two main vertical columns of high intensity, with additional smaller peaks interspersed between them. The overall pattern suggests a complex system with multiple active components or sources.

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A bar chart illustrating the distribution of values across 10 categories. The vertical axis is labeled with the number 1 at the top. The horizontal axis is labeled with integers from 1 to 10. Category 1 has a value of 1, while categories 2 through 10 have a value of 0.

Category	Value
1	1
2	0
3	0
4	0
5	0
6	0
7	0
8	0
9	0
10	0

1 [REDACTED]
2 [REDACTED]
3 [REDACTED]
4 [REDACTED]
5 [REDACTED]
6 [REDACTED]
7 [REDACTED]
8 [REDACTED]
9 [REDACTED]
10 [REDACTED]
11 [REDACTED]
12 [REDACTED]
13 [REDACTED]
14 [REDACTED]
15 [REDACTED]
16 [REDACTED]
17 [REDACTED]
18 [REDACTED]
19 [REDACTED]
20 Q. So in terms of your review of the
21 documents, Mr. Brown, can you agree with me that
22 for the vast majority of your analysis, a
23 layperson such as a juror or even a judge could
24 do a similar analysis and reach their own
25 independent conclusions about the documents that

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This figure displays a 2D binary image consisting of black pixels on a white background. A single black pixel is labeled with the number '1' at its top-left corner. The main black shape is highly irregular, featuring several internal white regions (holes) and a jagged, non-convex boundary. The image is presented against a white background.

A bar chart showing the distribution of reviews across different categories. The y-axis has two labels: '1' at the top and '2' below it. The x-axis is labeled 'you reviewed?' and has five categories: 'none', '1-2', '3-4', '5-6', and '7-8'. Each category has a black bar representing the count of reviews. The bars for categories 1-2, 3-4, 5-6, and 7-8 are stacked, while the bar for 'none' is a single solid black bar.

Category	Count
none	~100
1-2	~10
3-4	~10
5-6	~10
7-8	~10